FUND DETAILS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

Sector: Foreign - Equity - General Inception date: 1 April 2005

Fund managers: lan Liddle (The underlying Orbis Global Equity Fund has its own portfolio manager.)

Fund objective:

The objective of the Fund is to outperform the FTSE World Index at no greater than average risk of loss in its sector.

Suitable for those investors who:

- Would like to invest in global shares and benefit from offshore exposure.
- Want to gain exposure to markets and industries that are not necessarily available locally.
- Would like to hedge their investments against any rand depreciation but do not have the minimum required to invest directly in the Orbis Global Equity Fund.

 Price:
 R 15.44

 Size:
 R 2 492 m

 Minimum lump sum:
 R 25 000

 Minimum monthly:
 R 500

 Subsequent lump sums:
 R 2 500

Status of Currently open Income distribution: 01/01/07 - 31/12/07 (cents per unit) Total 1.17

Distributes annually. To the extent that the total expenses exceed the income earned in the form of dividends and interest, the Fund will not make a distribution.

Annual management fee:

No fee. The underlying fund, however has its own fee structure.

COMMENTARY

In this bear market, September will be noted for its wild swings - the biggest one-day percentage drop in the Dow Jones Industrial Average, and the biggest-ever one-day drops and rises in gold and oil prices. The global credit damage continued to drive headlines and take casualties. After avoiding several, the Fund took significant losses in US insurer AIG and German commercial lender Hypo Real Estate. We expect there may well be more casualties to come before this storm subsides and we are doing our best to avoid them while retaining the upside potential in the portfolio. We are also methodically looking for new and better opportunities created by the market turmoil.

GLOBAL EQUITY FEEDER FUND

GEOGRAPHICAL DEPLOYMENT

This Fund invests solely into the Orbis Global Equity Fund

Region	Fund's % exposure to:		% of World Index	
-	Equities	Currencies		
United States	33	31	46	
Canada	0	0	4	
North America	33	31	50	
United Kingdom	6	0	9	
Continental Europe	17	10	20	
Europe	23	10	29	
Japan	23	47	9	
Korea	7	2	2	
Greater China	8	8	3	
Other	2	2	0	
Asia ex-Japan	17	12	5	
South Africa and other	4	0	7	
Total	100	100	100	

TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO*

	Included in TER			
Total expense ratio	Trading costs	Performance component	Fee at benchmark	Other expenses
3.02%	0.18%	1.01%	1.49%	0.34%

*A Total Expense Ratio (TER) is a measure of a portfolio's assets that are relinquished as operating expenses. It is expressed as a percentage of the average value of the portfolio, calculated for the year to the end of June 2008. Included in the TER is the proportion of costs that are incurred by the performance component, fee at benchmark, trading costs (including brokerage, VAT, STT, STRATE and insider trading levy) and other expenses. These are disclosed separately as percentages of the net asset value. A higher TER ratio does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TERs. The information provided is applicable to class A units.

PERFORMANCE

Fund performance shown net of all fees and expenses as per the TER disclosure.

Percentage return in Rands	Fund	Benchmark*
Since Inception (unannualised)	54.8	53.7
Latest 3 years (annualised)	8.9	11.5
Latest 1 year (annualised)	-11.9	-10.0

Percentage return in dollars	Fund	Benchmark*
Since Inception (unannualised)	15.5	14.7
Latest 3 years (annualised)	-0.5	1.9
Latest 1 year (annualised)	-27.3	-25.7

Risk measures (Since inception month end prices)	Fund	Benchmark*
Percentage positive months	64.3	61.9
Annualised monthly volatility	14.1	13.6

^{*} Benchmark: FTSE World Index. Source: Bloomberg, performance as calculated by Allan Gray as at 30 September 2008.

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Portfolios of Collective Investment Schemes in Securities (unit trusts) are generally medium- to long-term investments. The value of participatory interests (units) may go down as well as up and past performance is not necessarily a guide to the future. Unit trust prices are calculated on a net asset value basis, which is the total market value of all assets in the portfolio including any income accrual and less any permissible deductions from the portfolio divided by the number of units in issue. Declaration of income accruals are made annually. Fund valuations take place at approximately 16h00 each business day. Purchase and repurchase requests may be received by the manager by 14h00 each business day. Performance figures from Allan Gray Limited (GIPS compliant) are for lump sum investments using net asset value prices with income distributions reinvested. Permissible deductions may include management fees, brokerage, STT, auditor's fees, bank charges, trustee fees and RSC levies. The Fund may borrow up to 10% of the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. A schedulor of fees and charges and maximum commissions is available on request from Allan Gray Unit Trust Management Limited. Commission and incentives may be paid and if so, would be included in the overall costs. Unit trusts are traded at ruling prices and can engage in borrowing and scrip lending. Forward pricing is used. A Feeder Fund portfolio is a portfolio that, apart from assets in a liquid form, consists solely of units in a single portfolio of a collective investment scheme. Fluctuations or movements in exchange rates may cause the value of underlying international investments to go up or down. This Fund may be capped at any time in order to be managed in a coordance with the mandate. Member of the ACI. Total Expense Ratio (TER): When interising, costs are only a part of an investment decision. The fund should be compared with investor's objective and then the performance of the investment objective of the Fund should be c